Human Papillomavirus DNA Diagnostic Kit (One Tube)

[Product Name]

Human Papillomavirus DNA Detection Kit (PCR-fluorescent Probe)

[Intended Use]

This kit is an *in* vitro diagnostic test used for the detection of the Human Papillomavirus (HPV). Samples can be obtained from cervix swab.

[Packaging Specification]

24 tests/Pack; 48 tests/Pack; 96 tests/Pack

[Kit Contents and Components]

Table 1. Kit Contents

Catalog No.	WWP3108-24	WWP3108-48	WWP3108-24
Kit Size	24 tests/ Pack	48 tests/Pack	96 tests/ Pack
Master Mix (Lyophilized)	3 strips	6 strips	12 strips
Solvent	550µL	1100µL	1100µL*2
Positive Control	40µL	40µL	40µL
Nuclease-free Water	0.5mL	0.5mL	0.5mL
PCR Activator	25µL	50µL	100µL

Table 2. Kit Components		
Main Compositions		
Tris-HCL; Primers; Probes; Enzyme mix including UDG;		
Taq polymerase; dNTPs; RNasin		
Tris-HCL; Glycerin; KCL; MgCl2		
Synthetic DNA Fragments; Nuclease-free Water		
Nuclease-free Water		

Table 3. Labeled Pro	bes for Specific Genes	
Target	Fluorescent Labels	Quencher Dye

15 common genotypes of HPV(31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 53, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68, 73, 82)	FAM	MGB
HPV16	VIC/HEX	MGB
HPV18	ROX	BHQ2
Internal Control gene(RNase P)	CY5	BHQ1

Note:

1) Kit components of Master Mix is in lyophilized form and need to be reconstitut before use.

2) Positive Control consists of the mixture of synthetic single-stranded DNA, which needs to be dispensed to 5µL per reaction. Please avoid repeated freezing-thawing. 3) Kit components from different batch number are not to be used interchangeably

4) Master Mix is the basic components of the kit, which contains specific primers and probes for HPV.

[Storage]

1. All reagents except PCR Activator can be stored at room temperature during the

specified shelf-life. The shelf-life can be extended by storing the kit at 2-8°C or -20°C.

2. After reconstitution, the Master Mix (Lyophilized) can be kept at -20±5°C for a month.

3. Protect Master Mix (Lyophilized) from light during storage

4. Avoid repeated freezing-thawing for more than 5 times after reconstitution.

5. Shelf-Life:12months.

[Manufacturing Date and Expiration Date]

See details on packaging label. [Materials and Devices Required but Not Provided]

1. This product can be used with the following appropriate real time PCR instrument: Ardent GS-PCR3200; ABI7500, ABI Quant Studio models 3/5/6/7/12K; Roche

Lightcycler®480/1536/Nano; Agilent Mx3000P/3005P; Qiagen Rotor-Gene 6000/Q; Bio-Rad CFX384/CFX96, Bio-Rad Touch/iQ5; Cepheid Smart-cycler/Smart Cycler II; Eppendorf Master Cycler.

2. Always use RNase/DNase free water and RNase/DNase free PCR reaction tube/PCR reaction plate for the test.

3. PCR tubes or 96-well PCR plates.

[Procedure]

1. Prepare the sample DNA with DNA isolation kit according to the manufacturer instruction

2. Formulation of PCR One-step Mix.

2.1 To reconstitute all lyophilized powder, gently spin the strip of the lyophilized Master Mix for a few seconds to move all powder to the bottom before adding reconstitution buffer.

 $2.2 \mbox{ Add } 21 \mu L$ of reconstitution buffer (Solvent) to each lyophilized Master Mix strip well.

2.3 Add 1µL of PCR Activator to the corresponding reaction well containing Master Mix.

2.4 Add 5µL of DNA sample/Positive control/Negative control to the corresponding reaction well containing Master Mix.

Table 4. Setup of Assay Kit Components

Reagents	Individual test (µL)	
Solvent	21	
DNA Sample	5	
PCR Activator	1	
Total Volume	26	

2.4 Seal the tube with cap and shake with inching on the shaker several times, followed by short spin on the centrifuge.

Note: After reconstitute Master Mix was added with the sample, the reagent should be put into PCR instrument for detection within 1 hour.

3. PCR protocol as below:

Temp (°C)	Time	Cycles
95	60sec	1
95	10 sec	45
60	30sec (Fluorescence collection)	

[Result Interpretation]

1. Quality Check for the Test Results:

The readings of Ct value of positive control and negative control within the same reaction

plate need to be: Table 6. Quality Control Check

	Quality control requirement
Positive Control	Ct≤37
Negative Control	Ct>37or No Ct

2. The experiment is invalidated, if the positive control and/or negative control does not meet the criteria set above

3. The analysis of the Ct value of the wells in each swab as follows:

Table 7. Result Interpretation

Case	FAM	VIC/HEX	ROX	CY5	HPV(31, 33, 35, 39,	HPV16	HPV18
					45, 51, 52, 53, 56, 58,		
					59, 66, 68, 73, 82)		
1	Ct≤37	Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or	Ct≤40	+	-	-
		No Ct	No Ct		-		
2	Ct>40 or	Ct≤37	Ct>40 or	Ct≤40	-	+	-
0	No Ct	CIN 40	No Ct				
3	Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or	Ct≤37	Ct≤40	-	-	+
	Noci	Noci					
	Ct≤37	Ct≤37	Ct≤37	Ct≤40	+	+	+
	Ct≤37	Ct≤37	Ct>40 or	Ct≤40	+	+	-
4			No Ct				
	CH27	Ct>40 or	CH227	CH/10			
	CLSS	No Ct	CLSJ	C1340	т	-	т
		Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or				
	Ct≤37	No Ct	No Ct	Ct≤40	+	-	-
5	Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or	Ct<40	_	_	_
5	No Ct	No Ct	No Ct	CtS40	-	-	-
6	37 <ct≤< td=""><td>37<ct≤< td=""><td>37<ct≤< td=""><td>Ct≤40</td><td>Retest to co</td><td>nfirm</td><td></td></ct≤<></td></ct≤<></td></ct≤<>	37 <ct≤< td=""><td>37<ct≤< td=""><td>Ct≤40</td><td>Retest to co</td><td>nfirm</td><td></td></ct≤<></td></ct≤<>	37 <ct≤< td=""><td>Ct≤40</td><td>Retest to co</td><td>nfirm</td><td></td></ct≤<>	Ct≤40	Retest to co	nfirm	
	40	40	40				
7	Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or	Ct>40 or	Resampling	for test	
	No Ct	No Ct	No Ct	No Ct			

Note:

(1)" – "No requirement ; Ct>40 or No Ct, Not detected.

(2) FAM Ct≤37, infected One or more genotypes of HPV (31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 53, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68, 73, 82).

(3) VIC/HEX Ct≤37, infected HPV16.

(4) ROX Ct≤37, infected HPV18.

Sansure Biotech

[Kit feature and specification]

1. Limitation of Detection (LOD): 200 copies/mL.

2. Cross-reactivity: No cross reaction with 24viruses (HSV-2,Treponema Pallidum,MH,candida Albicans,Trichomonas vaginalis,Chlamydia trachomatis,Gardnerella vaginalis,Corynebacteriuum parvm,Acinetobacter baumannii,Mycolicibacterium smegmatis,Bacterooides fragilis,Enterobacter cloacae,Enterococcus faecalis,Escherichia coli,S. aureus,Staphylococcus epidermidis, α -hemolytic streptococcus,Hepatitis B virus,Hepatitis C virus,HIV,Epstein -Barr virus,Cytomegalovirus,herpes simplex virus) and human genome DNA

3. Internal precision: repeatability: CV<10%, between-run precision: CV<10%,

Between-day precision: CV< 10%, total precision: CV< 10%.

4. External precision: repeatability: CV< 10%, between-run precision: CV < 10%, total Precision: CV < 10%.

5. Interference reaction: Five potential reference (Dexamethasone, Azithromycin, Tobramycln, Levofloxacin, and Ceftriaxone) will not interfere with the detection results of the kit.

[Limitation]

1. Negative results cannot completely rule out the existence of HPV. Improper sample collection, improper transportation, improper processing and insufficient initiation VL (viral load) may influences the experimental results.

2. Other unverified interferences or PCR inhibitors may cause false negative results.

[Warnings and Precautions]

1. For in vitro diagnostic use only.

2. Carefully read this instruction **before use**. Components from different batch number cannot be used interchangeably.

 After being reconstituted, the lyophilized components can be either used up or stored at -20±5°C and can be kept for one month. Avoid repeated freeze- thaw for more than five times.

4. Viral DNA and PCR Master Mix are sensitive to temperature, and should always put on ice during experiment.

 Always wearing gloves and mask during experiment to avoid microbial and nuclease (DNase/RNase) contamination of the specimen and the reagents of the kit.

6. Always use DNase/RNase-free disposable aerosol-blocking pipette tips.

7. Additional controls may be tested according to guidelines or requirements of local, state and/or federal regulations or accrediting organizations.

8. Discard sample and assay waste according to your local safety regulations.

9. Do not use components of the kit after expiration date.

[Background Information]

Human papillomavirus (HPV) can infect the reproductive tract through a variety of ways, resulting in condyloma acuminatum and cervical lesions, and may even cause cervical cancer. It takes about 5 to 10 years to develop from persistent infection with high-risk HPV to common precervical lesions and ultimately cervical cancer. Therefore, HPV detection is of great significance for the early diagnosis and treatment of cervical cancer.

This kit uses fluorescence PCR technology to design specific primers and probes based on the gene characteristics of 17 kinds of HPV. Target fragments of 17 HPV genotypes can be amplified by detecting nucleic acids in cervical swab samples. The HPV subtypes detected by this kit include: 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 39, 45, 51, 52, 53, 56, 58, 59, 66, 68, 73, 82.

[Detection Principle]

In PCR-Fluorescent Probe method, the probe with specific binding to target sequence is added based on the forward primer and the reverse primer, Specific primers and probes are designed based on specific gene areas of Human papillomavirus (HPV). Probes consist of a reporter fluorophore at 5' and quenching fluorophore at 3'. The fluorescent signals emitted from reporter fluorophores are absorbed by the quenchers, so it doesn't emit signals. During amplification, probes bonded to templates are cut off by Taq enzyme (5'- 3'exonuclease activity), separating reporter dye from the quencher, generating fluorescent signals, the PCR instrument will then automatically draw a realtime amplification curve based on the signal change, finally realizing the qualitative detection ofHuman papillomavirus (HPV) at the nucleic acid level.

[Recommendation on Specimen according to the WHO Guideline]

1. Applicable sample type:cervix swab .

2. Requirements on sample collection: the sample collection shall be conducted with polyester swab or polyester flocked swab.

3. Sample transportation and storage: the transportation and shipping conditions should be carried out according to the instruction of sample collection kits used. Long term

storage should be in -20 °C or -70°C. [Explanation of Marks]

Diagram and symbol used on kit label	Remarks
***	Manufacturer
Í	Authorized representative in the European Community

Diagram and symbol used on kit label	Remarks
IVD	In vitro diagnosis reagent
Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests</n>
	Date of manufacture
	Use-by date
2	Do Not Reuse
LOT	Batch code
Ŕ	Biological risks
-15°c	Storage temperature
Ť	Keep dry
娄	Keep away from sunlight
IC	Fragile, handle with care
<u>کې</u> PAP	Recoverable PAP material
PP PP	Recoverable PP material
TA A	Recycled recyclable
(€	CE mark
REF	Catalogue number